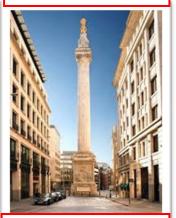
Shepeau Stow Primary School

KS1 Knowledge Organiser- Summer Term 2021

The Great Fire of London



Samuel Pepys 1633- 1703



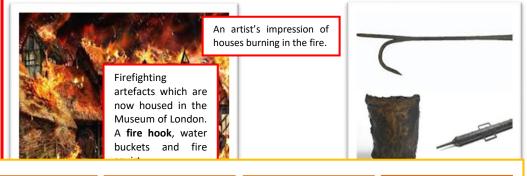
The Monument was built between 1671- 1677

In **1666**, a fire started at **Thomas Farriner's** bakery on **Pudding Lane**. He thought he had put the fire out but overnight the fire spread very quickly throughout London. The fire continued for four long days. Unfortunately, the houses were mostly made from wood which burnt easily and the streets were narrow and close together, which meant the fire leapt from house to house. Many buildings were lost in the fire including St. Pauls Cathedral.

We know what life was like during the fire because of a man called **Samuel Pepys**. He wrote a diary telling of the devastation caused by the fire.

Sir Christopher Wren was given the task of rebuilding London. He decided to use stone instead of wood and designed wider streets to ensure that this disaster would not happen again.

Key Vocabulary:				
Thomas Farriner	A baker from the 17 th century who started the fire.			
Samuel Pepys	He wrote a diary of the key events during the fire.			
Pudding Lane	The street where the fire started.			
Fire hook	The tool used to pull down houses and make a fire break.			
The Monument	A large column built to commemorate the Great Fire.			
Sir Christopher Wren	An architect who designed the re-built of London.			



Sunday 2 nd	Samuel Pepys	Monday 3 rd	Tuesday 4 th	Wednesday 5 th	Thursday 6 th
September 1666	begins to write	September 1666	September 1666	September 1666	September 1666
The fire starts at Thomas Farriner's Bakery on Pudding	his diary. Houses are pulled down to try to stop the fire from spreading.	People begin to use the River Thames to flee and the fire gets very close to the Tower of London.	St. Pauls Cathedral is destroyed by the fire.	The wind begins to slow down which helps the fire to stop spreading.	The fire is finally under control. 6 people lost their lives.